Distal Patellar Realignment Rehabilitation Program Fulkerson Osteotomy Tibial Tubercle Osteotomy (TTO)

The Gundersen Sports Medicine Distal Patellar Realignment / TTO Rehabilitation Program is an evidence-based and soft tissue healing dependent program allowing patients to progress to vocational and sports-related activities as quickly and safely as possible. Individual variations will occur depending on surgical technique and the patient's response to treatment. Avoid ROM with chondrosis and pain when performing OKC knee extension strengthening exercises. Please contact us at 1-800-362-9567 ext. 58600 if you have questions or concerns.

Phase I: 0-6 weeks	Immediate post op maximum protection phase
Goals	Protect anatomic repair
	Minimize knee joint effusion
	Gently increase ROM per guidelines, emphasis on extension
	Encourage quadriceps function
	Prevent negative effects of immobilization
ROM	• wk 0-4: 0-90 deg
	• wk 4-6: 0-120 deg.
WB	 wk 0-4: NWB/TTWB with brace locked into extension
	• wk 4-6: TTWB with brace unlocked if good extension ROM and quadriceps
	control.
Precautions	• Emphasis on regaining extension ROM ASAP to decrease stress to the PF
	joint during ambulation.
	• Must follow the WB restrictions as mentioned above to protect the osteotomy
	site and prevent loss of fixation
Modalities	 Cryotherapy 15 minutes in duration 3x/day
	 IFC for pain/effusion if needed
	NMES quadriceps if needed
Treatment	Active warm-up: bike or Nustep per ROM guidelines with no resistance
Recommendations	• ROM: Wk 0-4: Gentle stretching to attain full extension and 90 degrees of
	flexion. Emphasis on full return of knee extension ASAP.
	Low-load long duration stretching for extension with heat if needed
Guidelines for	(1 st TERT= Total End Range Time)
progression based on	Manual stretching for extension with overpressure or recurvatum
tolerance	Patellar mobilizations
	PROM / AAROM / AROM
	Wk 4-6: progress range of motion 0-120 deg
	Flexibility exercises for hamstring, gastoc-soleus
	Scar tissue massage
DT visita mov ha	Therapeutic exercises. Exercise in a pain-free manner. Encourage
PT visits may be decreased initially if:	quadriceps activation.
ROM 0-90 deg	wks 1-6 Biofeedback QS, SLR
Adequate pain	Short arc 0-30 quadriceps with biofeedback with no weight
control	Hip NWB: 4 way SLR, sidelye resisted ER
No excessive	Gastroc soleus strengthening NWB
swelling	Hamstring curls 0-90 deg
SLR without a	Core stability and upper body exercises if desired
quadriceps lag	• IFC for pain/effusion, NMES for quadriceps activation and control as needed
	• Ice (in stretch for extension if needed) 2 nd TERT
	HEP for 3 rd TERT
	Updated 2/2017 GUNDERSE

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Phase II: 6-12 weeks	Moderate protective phase
Goals	Progress ROM as tolerated
	 Progress WB (per MD approval) and promote a normal heel-toe walking
	program
	• Gradual progression of therapeutic exercises for strengthening, stretching,
	and balance
ROM	• wk 6+: progress to full ROM as tolerated. Goal of full ROM by 8-12 weeks
WB	• Wk 6-8: WBAT per MD based on xray. Brace unlocked for ambulation if
	good quadriceps control.
	Utilize crutches as needed until patient demonstrates a normal heel-to-toe
	pattern.
Brace	• Patient will use the post-op brace until wk 7-8. Replace with a PF brace with
	lateral buttress
Modalities	Cryotherapy 15 minutes in duration 1-2x/day
	IFC for pain/effusion if needed
Descutions	NMES quadriceps if needed
Precautions	No WB stretching into flexion until 8 wks
	Avoid descending stairs reciprocally until adequate quadriceps control and
Tue et au suit	lower extremity alignment
Treatment Recommendations	Active warm-up: Bike with resistance, Nu Step, Treadmill walking with 0, 10; Elliptical Burnar
Recommendations	wk 9-10: Elliptical Runner
	Stretching for full extension and flexion PROM / AAROM / AROM
	Patellar mobilizations if needed
	Manual stretching for extension and flexion
Guidelines for	Low-load long duration stretching with heat if needed
progression	(1 st TERT= Total End Range Time)
based on tolerance	wk 8: WB knee flexion stretch on leg press with light resistance
	Flexibility exercises for hamstring, gastoc-soleus, iliopsoas, quadriceps if
	indicated
	Therapeutic exercises: Exercise in a pain-free manner. Gradual
	progression with avoiding medial collapse during strengthening and
	functional activities (focus on hip abductor and external rotator
	strengthening). Incorporate total leg strengthening and balance /
	proprioception exercises.
	Biofeedback QS SLR,
	CKC knee extension Hip 4 way SLR
	Hamstring OKC isotonics
	CKC exercises: Progress from 0-60 deg to 0-90 deg: leg press, wall
	squats, lateral step-overs, step-ups, bridges
	wk 7: leg press 2:1, partial BW squats and partial deadlifts
	wk 8: Resisted sidestep with T-band, leg press 1:1,
	partial lunges with UE support as needed
	wk 9: Progress to squats to 90 deg, BOSU partial squat 0-60
	prone hamstring curls, Stair master
	wk 10: Progress to full lunges
	Gastroc soleus strengthening
	Total leg strengthening
	Balance / Proprioception training: Double leg progress to single leg,
	static progressing to dynamic advites FDCFN
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	OV/ see slittening / Osea Otability
	CV conditioning / Core Stability
	Ice (in stretch if needed) 2 nd TERT
	HEP for 3 rd TERT if needed
Independent	wk 12-16: Progress to independent strengthening program with monthly or
strengthening	bimonthly rechecks if good ROM, minimal effusion or pain, and good muscle
	control
Phase III: 12+ wks	Advanced strengthening and Gradual Return to activity phase
Goals	 Progress muscle strength, endurance, and balance activities. Ideally
	3x/week of exercises at a fitness center, step-down, or home program
	• Progress to higher level activities depending on functional demands and MD
	approval
	Return back to vocational, recreational, and sport activities
Brace	• Your MD may recommend continuing with the knee brace to be used until
	12 months from your surgery for higher level activities
Modalities	Cryotherapy 15 minutes 1x/day or after strenuous activity
Treatment	Active warm-up: Bike, Elliptical Runner, Nu Step, Treadmill walking
Recommendations	Continue with stretching and flexibility exercises as needed
	Strengthening and endurance exercises: Advance as tolerated with
	emphasis on functional strengthening. Avoid medial collapse during
	strengthening and functional activities.
	Total leg strengthening
	Single leg strengthening
	Hip strengthening
	Heel raises
	Hamstring full ROM isotonics.
	Quadriceps isotonics in ROM without chondrosis, if needed
	•
	CKC exercises: Leg press, multiple direction lunges, step-ups, squats, Gastroc soleus exercise
	Isokinetic quadriceps/hamstrings in ROM without chondrosis
	Stairmaster,
	Dynamic balance exercises
	• Foot placement drills submax:: agility ladder / line jumps /submax anterior-
	lateral hop to stabilization
	• CV conditioning and core stability
Return to running	• Wk 16: (4 months): Return to running program if meets criteria – see next
	page
	• 4 ½-5 months: Plyometric program – submax with gradual progression
Return to sport	 6-9 months: Return to play if meets criteria – see next page



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Testing and Return to Running/Sports Recommendations

Testing:

12 weeks (3 months)

SL 60 deg Stork test Hip strength: Abduction MMT Hip Abduction Side plank test Biodex test : No block 2 speeds: 180 deg/sec (5 reps) 300 deg/sec (30 reps) Y balance test FOTO

16 weeks (4 months) - RETURN to RUNNING

Repeat previous tests not passed Anterior lateral hop to stabilization Trial of running. Jump test: no arm swing – submax for apprehension/technique Single Hop test: no arm swing- submax for apprehension/technique

20 weeks (6 months)

Biodex test: Full ROM with no ext block 3 speed test: 60 deg/sec (5 reps), 180 deg/sec (5 reps), 300deg/sec (30 reps Single Hop test: no arm swing Triple hop/Cross over hop test: arm swing-Tuck Jump or Landing Assessment Agility Test: LEFT test components or time FOTO

Return to Running Criteria:

Return to Running Requirements: Time: at least 4 months post-op MD / PT clearance No knee joint effusion ROM: limb symmetry: extension within 5 deg flexion within 10 deg **Biodex:** Limb symmetry of PT: Quad: 75% Hams: 80-90% Proper running form: Treadmill running (6-10 mph, 5 min) with equal audibly rhythmic foot strike Anterior lateral hop to stabilization drill completed with no apprehension and good movement control

Return to Running Recommendations:

Biodex: 180 deg/sec: Quad PT/BW: Males: 65% Females: 55% H/Q ratio: 65% 300 deg/sec: Quads Power :Limb symmetry:75% Hams Power: Limb symmetry: 75% SL 60 deg stork test: Limb symmetry: 90% Hip Abduction Side Plank test: Level II or greater Y balance: Limb symmetry: < 4cm



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Testing and Return to Running/Sports Recommendations

Return to Play Criteria:	
Return to Play Requirements:	
Time: at least 6-9 months	
MD/ PT clearance	
No knee joint effusion	
ROM: limb symmetry:	
extension within 5 deg	
flexion within 10 deg	
Biodex:	
Limb symmetry of PT:	
Quad: 90%	
Hams: 90%	
Tuck Jump or Landing Assessment: no faulty movement patterns	
Single Hop test: Limb symmetry: 90%,	
Triple Hop test or Cross-Over Hop Test Limb symmetry: 90%	
LEFT test or Agility Test with no compensation	
Return to Play Recommendations:	
Biodex:	
60 deg/sec:	
Quad PT/BW: Males: 100%	
Females: 80%	
Hams PT/BW: Males: 60%	
Females: 60%	
H/Q ratio: 60 deg/sec : 60%	
180 deg/sec: 70%	
300 deg/sec: 80%	
300 deg/sec:	
Quads Power : Limb symmetry:90%	
Hams Power: Limb symmetry: 90%	
Hip Abduction Side Plank test:	
Level III or greater	
Y balance: Limb symmetry: < 4cm	



Distal Patellar Realignment / Fulkerson Osteotomy References

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