ACL Reconstruction/MCL Reconstruction

The Gundersen Sports Medicine ACL Reconstruction with MCL Reconstruction Rehabilitation Program is an evidence-based and soft tissue healing dependent program allowing patients to progress to vocational and sports-related activities as quickly and safely as possible. Individual variations will occur depending on surgical technique and the patient's response to treatment. Please contact us at 1-800-362-9567 ext. 58600 if you have questions or concerns.

Phase I: 0-6 weeks	Immediate post op maximum protection phase
Goals	Protect anatomic repair
	Minimize knee joint effusion
	Gently increase ROM per guidelines, emphasis on extension
	Encourage quadriceps function
	Prevent negative effects of immobilization
ROM	• wk 0-2: 0-90 deg
	• wk 2-6: 0-120 deg.
WB	wk 0-6: NWB with brace locked into extension
Precautions	• Emphasis on regaining extension ROM ASAP to decrease stress to the PF joint during ambulation.
Modalities	Cryotherapy 15 minutes in duration 3x/day
	IFC for pain/effusion if needed
	NMES quadriceps if needed
Treatment	Active warm-up: bike (well leg biking 1-6 wks) or Nustep per ROM guidelines
Recommendations	with no resistance
	• ROM: Wk 0-2: Gentle stretching to attain full extension and 90 degrees of
	flexion. Emphasis on full return of knee extension ASAP.
Guidelines for	Low-load long duration stretching for extension with heat if needed
progression based on	(1 st TERT= Total End Range Time)
tolerance	Manual stretching for extension with overpressure or recurvatum
	Patellar mobilizations
	PROM / AAROM / AROM
	Wk 2-6: progress range of motion 0-120 deg
	Flexibility exercises for hamstring, gastroc-soleus
Adequate pain	Scar tissue massage There are a final fractional fractiona fractional fractional fractional fractiona fractional fractiona
control	Therapeutic exercises. Exercise in a pain-free manner. Encourage
No excessive	quadriceps activation. wks 1-6 Biofeedback QS, SLR
swelling	Short arc 0-30 quadriceps with biofeedback with no weight
SLR without a	Hip NWB: 4 way SLR, sidelye resisted ER
quadriceps lag	Gastroc soleus strengthening NWB
	Hamstring curls 0-90 deg
	Core stability and upper body exercises if desired
	 IFC for pain/effusion, NMES for quadriceps activation and control as needed
	 Ice (in stretch for extension if needed) 2nd TERT
	 HEP for 3rd TERT

Updated 6/2017

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Phase II: 6-12 weeks	Moderate protective phase
Goals	Progress ROM as tolerated
	Progress WB (per MD approval) and promote a normal heel-toe walking
	program
	• Gradual progression of therapeutic exercises for strengthening, stretching,
	and balance
ROM	• wk 6+: progress to full ROM as tolerated. Goal of full ROM by 8-12 weeks
WB	• Wk 6-8: WBAT per MD. Brace unlocked for ambulation if good SLR without
	lag.
	 Utilize crutches as needed until patient demonstrates a normal heel-to-toe
	pattern.
Brace	• Patient will use the post-op brace until wk 7-8. Replace with a functional
	ACL brace.
Modalities	 Cryotherapy 15 minutes in duration 1-2x/day
	IFC for pain/effusion if needed
	NMES quadriceps if needed
Precautions	No WB stretching into flexion until 8 wks
	• Avoid descending stairs reciprocally until adequate quadriceps control and
	lower extremity alignment
Treatment	• Active warm-up: Bike (with no resistance weeks 7-9) with resistance (weeks
Recommendations	10+), Nu Step, Treadmill walking (weeks 9+), Aquajogging (weeks 9+)
	wk 12: Elliptical Trainer
	Stretching for full extension and flexion
	PROM / AAROM / AROM
Quidalines for	Patellar mobilizations if needed
Guidelines for	Manual stretching for extension and flexion
progression based on tolerance	Low-load long duration stretching with heat if needed
based on tolerance	(1 st TERT= Total End Range Time) wk 8: WB knee flexion stretch on leg press with light resistance
	 Flexibility exercises for hamstring, gastroc-soleus, iliopsoas, quadriceps if
	• Flexibility exercises for haristing, gastroc-soleus, hopsoas, quadriceps in indicated
	 Therapeutic exercises: Exercise in a pain-free manner. Gradual
	progression with avoiding medial collapse during strengthening and
	functional activities (focus on hip abductor and external rotator
	strengthening). Incorporate total leg strengthening and balance /
	proprioception exercises.
	Biofeedback QS SLR,
	CKC knee extension
	Hip 4 way SLR
	Hamstring OKC isotonics , double leg bridge
	Beginning cord exercises (week 7+)
	CKC exercises: Progress from 0-60 deg to 0-90 deg: leg press (DL)
	(double leg), wall squats, lateral step-overs, step-ups, bridges
	wk 8: Resisted sidestep with T-band, leg press (DL) 1:1,
	partial lunges with UE support as needed
	wk 9: Progress to squats to 90 deg, BOSU partial squat 0-60
	prone hamstring curls, Stair master
	wk 10: Progress to full lunges, leg press (SL), Deadlift
	Gastroc soleus strengthening
	Lotal lag atronathoning
	Total leg strengthening Balance / Proprioception training: Doublerieg gradies to shole leg.

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	static progressing to dynamic activities
	CV conditioning / Core Stability
	Ice (in stretch if needed) 2 nd TERT
	HEP for 3 rd TERT if needed
Independent	wk 12-16: Progress to independent strengthening program with monthly or
strengthening	bimonthly rechecks if good ROM, minimal effusion or pain, and good muscle
	control
Phase III: 12+ wks	Advanced strengthening and Gradual Return to activity phase
Goals	Progress muscle strength, endurance, and balance activities. Ideally
	3x/week of exercises at a fitness center, step-down, or home program
	• Progress to higher level activities depending on functional demands and MD
	approval
	Return back to vocational, recreational, and sport activities
Brace	Your MD may recommend continuing with the knee brace to be used until
	12 months from your surgery for higher level activities
Modalities	Cryotherapy 15 minutes 1x/day or after strenuous activity
Treatment	Active warm-up: Bike, Elliptical Runner, Nu Step, Treadmill walking, Stair
Recommendations	Stepper
	Continue with stretching and flexibility exercises as needed
	Strengthening and endurance exercises: Advance as tolerated with
	emphasis on functional strengthening. Avoid medial collapse during strengthening and functional activities.
	Total leg strengthening
	Single leg strengthening
	Hip strengthening
	Heel raises
	Hamstring full ROM isotonics.
	Quadriceps isotonics in ROM without chondrosis, if needed
	CKC exercises: Leg press, multiple direction lunges, step-ups, squats,
	Gastroc soleus exercise
	Isokinetic quadriceps/hamstrings in ROM without chondrosis Stairmaster,
	Dynamic balance exercises
	 Foot placement drills submax (16 weeke): agility ladder / line jumps /submax
Return to running	anterior-lateral hop to stabilization
	• CV conditioning and core stability
	• Wk 16: (4 months): Return to running program if meets criteria – see next
Return to sport	page
Retain to sport	 5 months: Plyometric program – submax with gradual progression
	 6-9 months: Return to play if meets criteria – see next page
	Golfing, outdoor hiking, biking (16 weeks)



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Testing and Return to Running/Sports Recommendations

Testing:

12 weeks (3 months)

SL 60 deg Stork test Hip strength: Abduction MMT Hip Abduction Side plank test Biodex test : 30 deg block 2 speeds: 180 deg/sec (5 reps) 300 deg/sec (30 reps) Y balance test FOTO

16 weeks (4 months) - RETURN to RUNNING

Repeat previous tests not passed Anterior lateral hop to stabilization Trial of running. Jump test: no arm swing – submax for apprehension/technique Single Hop test: no arm swing- submax for apprehension/technique

20 weeks (6 months) Biodex test: Full ROM with no ext block 3 speed test: 60 deg/sec (5 reps), 180 deg/sec (5 reps), 300deg/sec (30 reps Single Hop test: no arm swing Triple hop/Cross over hop test: arm swing-Tuck Jump or Landing Assessment Agility Test: LEFT test components or time FOTO

Return to Running Criteria:

Return to Running Requirements: Time: at least 4 months post-op MD / PT clearance No knee joint effusion **ROM:** limb symmetry: extension within 5 deg flexion within 10 deg **Biodex:** Limb symmetry of PT: Quad: 75% Hams: 80-90% Proper running form: Treadmill running (6-10 mph, 5 min) with equal audibly rhythmic foot strike Anterior lateral hop to stabilization drill completed with no apprehension and good movement control

Return to Running Recommendations:

Biodex: 180 deg/sec: Quad PT/BW: Males: 65% Females: 55% H/Q ratio: 65% 300 deg/sec: Quads Power : Limb symmetry:75% Hams Power: Limb symmetry: 75% SL 60 deg stork test: Limb symmetry: 90% Hip Abduction Side Plank test: Level II or greater Y balance: Limb symmetry: < 4cm



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Testing and Return to Running/Sports Recommendations

Return to Play Criteria:			
Return to Play Requirements:			
Time: at least 6-9 months			
MD/ PT clearance			
No knee joint effusion			
ROM: limb symmetry:			
extension within 5 deg			
flexion within 10 deg			
Biodex:			
Limb symmetry of PT:			
Quad: 90%			
Hams: 90%			
Tuck Jump or Landing Assessment: no faulty movement patterns			
Single Hop test: Limb symmetry: 90%,			
Triple Hop test or Cross-Over Hop Test Limb symmetry: 90%			
LEFT test or Agility Test with no compensation			
Return to Play Recommendations:			
Biodex:			
60 deg/sec:			
Quad PT/BW: Males: 100%			
Females: 80%			
Hams PT/BW: Males: 60%			
Females: 60%			
H/Q ratio: 60 deg/sec : 60%			
180 deg/sec: 70%			
300 deg/sec: 80%			
300 deg/sec:			
Quads Power : Limb symmetry:90%			
Hams Power: Limb symmetry: 90%			
Hip Abduction Side Plank test:			
Level III or greater			
Y balance: Limb symmetry: < 4cm			

