## Meniscus Repair Rehabilitation Program

**Stable Repair**

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The Gundersen Sports Medicine Meniscus **Stable Repair** Rehabilitation Program is an evidence-based and soft tissue healing dependent program allowing patients to progress to vocational and sports-related activities as quickly and safely as possible. **WB can be progressed to PWB/WBAT starting at week 1** with brace locked until patient has good extension and quadriceps control. Individual variations will occur depending on surgical technique and the patient’s response to treatment. **This program is outlined for mid body and posterior horn repairs of the meniscus** (for anterior horn repairs limit excessive extension initially).

If an **ACL Reconstruction and Meniscus Repair** are performed, follow the Meniscus Repair Program for 7-8 weeks, then transition to the ACL Reconstruction Program. Return to play will be 9-12 months.

Please contact us at 1-800-362-9567 ext. 58600 if you have questions or concerns.

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| Phase I: 0-6 weeks | Immediate post op protection phase |
| Goals | * Protect anatomic repair * Minimize knee joint effusion * Gently increase ROM, emphasis on extension * Encourage quadriceps function * Prevent negative effects of immobilization |
| ROM / Brace | * Wk 0: 0-90 deg * After first post-op visit: Progress as tolerated in NWB position. Knee flexion motion with WB should be discouraged. Goal of full ROM by 6-10 weeks * Patient will use the post-op brace until wk 7-8. |
| WB | * wk 0-1: NWB with brace locked into extension * wk 1-6: WBAT brace locked in extension with assistive device as needed   Or,  Brace unlocked to 45 deg using 2 crutches, if patient has  good extension ROM and good quadriceps control |
| Precautions / Guidelines | * Encourage AROM in NWB to promote healing, prevent atrophy of soft tissue and bone, and prevent a decrease in collagen content in the healing meniscus which occurs with immobilization. Early AROM does not affect the tensile properties of the meniscus. * Emphasis on regaining extension ROM ASAP as this is the most stable position for the meniscus and will decrease stress to the PF joint during ambulation. * No isolated resistance to knee flexion for 6 weeks secondary to the semimembranosus attachment to the medial meniscus / popliteus to the lateral meniscus. * At week 4 can progress to light CKC exercises – see next page * Avoid twisting and pivoting motions for 10-12 weeks to minimize shear forces. * Avoid deep squatting (>90 deg) until 4-6 months |
| Modalities | * Cryotherapy 15 minutes in duration 3x/day * IFC for pain/effusion if needed * NMES quadriceps if needed |

Updated 4/2022

**Phase I: 0- 6 weeks Immediate post op protection phase**

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| **Treatment**  **Recommendations**  Guidelines for progression based on tolerance | * Active warm-up * ROM: Gentle stretching to attain full extension and gradual return of flexion. Progress as tolerated. Emphasis on full return of knee extension ASAP.   Low-load long duration stretching for extension with heat if needed  (1st TERT= Total End Range Time)  Manual stretching for extension with overpressure or recurvatum  Patellar mobilizations  PROM / AAROM / AROM   * Scar tissue massage / tissue effleurage to decrease sensitivity * Flexibility exercises for hamstring, gastoc-soleus * Consider Personalized Blood Flow Restriction to decrease muscle atrophy * Therapeutic exercises. Gentle strengthening protecting the healing meniscus. Exercise in a pain-free manner. Encourage quadriceps activation. No isolated resisted knee flexion. Posterior chain extensibility exercises if indicated. Add gentle CKC exercises at week 4   Wk:1-3: QS, SLR  Short arc 0-30 quadriceps  Gastroc soleus strengthening NWB  Hip strengthening: 4 way SLR, sidelye resisted ER  Bridging  Hip circles for posterior chain extensibility  Core stability exercises if desired  ASLR kettlebell for core activation, ASLR core with rotation,  Hollow holds, hollow holds with rotation, dead bugs  TGU to elbow  Balance exercises with brace locked in extension:  weight shifts/ SLS, lateral step overs  wk 4-6: Progress to light CKC exercises in limited ROM (0-45 deg)  leg press 2:2 with light resistance, sit to stand,  partial wall squats, body weight partial squat ,  step-up/step downs  partial lunge    Balance exercises  Core strengthening: Pallof press, dead bug chop/lift   * IFC for pain/effusion, NMES for quadriceps activation and control as needed * Ice (in stretch for extension if needed) 2nd TERT . HEP for 3rd TERT |

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| Phase II: 6-12 weeks | Strengthening and Neuro-muscular control phase |
| Goals | * Minimize knee joint effusion * Progress ROM as tolerated * Normalize gait pattern * Gradual progression of therapeutic exercises for stretching, neuro-muscular control, strengthening, and balance * Implement isolated hamstring strengthening. |
| ROM / Brace / Gait | * Unlock brace for ambulation if has good quadriceps control. Work on normalizing gait pattern. * D/C brace at wk 7-8 * Progress ROM as tolerated with goal of full ROM by 8-10 weeks |
| Modalities | * Cryotherapy 15 minutes in duration 1-2x/day * IFC for pain/effusion / NMES quadriceps if needed |
| **Precautions / Guidelines** | * No WB stretching into flexion until 8 wks * Proximal control (core and hip) to prevent medial collapse/knee valgus * Correct asymmetrical loading patterns: off-set stance, uni-lateral load, RNT, 2:1 to single leg progression * Avoid twisting and pivoting motions for 10-12 wks to minimize shear forces. * Avoid deep squatting (> 90 degrees) until 4-6 months |
| **Treatment**  **Recommendations**  Guidelines for progression  based on tolerance | * Active warm-up: Bike w/ resistance, wk 7-8: ER * Stretching for full extension and flexion   Patellar mobilizations if needed  wk 8: WB knee flexion stretch on leg press with light resistance   * Flexibility: hamstring, gastoc-soleus, iliopsoas, quadriceps if indicated * Strengthening / N-M control / endurance exercises: Exercise in a pain-free manner. Gradual progression with avoiding medial collapse during strengthening and functional activities (focus on hip abductor and external rotator strengthening and N-M control). Incorporate total leg strengthening and balance / proprioception exercises. Core strengthening exercises   CKC knee extension  Hip strengthening  CKC exercises: squat / lunge / hip hinge/dead lift progression  step-ups/step-downs  Quadriceps strengthening  Hamstring OKC isotonics 0-90 deg in seated position with light  resistance (15 reps/set initially)  wk 9: prone hamstring curls  wk 10: Isokinetic quadriceps / hamstrings VSRP 150-300  deg/sec submax to max, progressing to 90 deg/sec  Total leg strengthening   * Balance / Proprioception training:   SLS progressing to dynamic and reactive activities.   * Gait training * Core Strengthening |
| Phase III: 12+ wks | Advanced strengthening and Gradual Return to Activity |
| **Goals** | * Progress muscle strength and N-M control, endurance, balance activities. Ideally 3x/wk exercises at a fitness center, step-down, or home program * Progress to higher level activity depending on demands and MD/PT approval * Initiate a return to running program at 4 months if passes criteria and has no compensations with running pattern. * Initiate working on landing mechanics and agility drills at 4-5 months if passes criteria * Return back to vocational, recreational, and sport activities at 6-9 months if passes criteria. Sports progression may take 2-4 weeks for full clearance back to full competition |
| **Brace** | Your MD may recommend a knee sleeve or functional brace to be used until 12 months from your surgery for higher level activities |
| **Modalities** | * Cryotherapy 15 minutes 1x/day or after strenuous activity |
| **Precautions/ Guidelines** | * Correct asymmetrical loading patterns: off-set stance, uni-lateral load, RNT * Address fear avoidance behaviors with graded exercise progression, cuing, positive reinforcement, referral if necessary * No deep squatting until 4-6 months. |
| **Treatment Recommendations**  **Return to Running Benchmarks:**  4 months  Passes testing criteria -  See next page  **Return to Landing Drills Benchmarks:**  4 months  Passes testing criteria -  See next page  **During Landing drills:**  **Focus on:**  1.Soft landing with knee flexion > 30 deg  2. no medial collapse/knee valgus  3. no hip IR/ pelvic drop  4. Dynamic postural control | * Active warm-up: Bike, Elliptical Runner, Treadmill walking, * Continue with stretching and flexibility exercises as needed   + Strengthening / N-M control / endurance exercises: Focus on strengthening and N-M control activities. Advance as tolerated with emphasis on functional strengthening. Avoid dynamic valgus during strengthening and functional activities. Progress with balance / proprioception exercises. Progress agility drills and working on landing mechanics. Progress to sports specific activities.   Total leg strengthening: hip/quadriceps/hamstring  Hip strengthening – neuromuscular control to prevent knee valgus  Core strengthening – prevent frontal plane trunk lean during landing  Single leg strengthening  CKC exercises: lunge progression, squat progression, step-up/downs  Hamstring full ROM isotonics. Add in physioball HS curls  Quadriceps isotonics in ROM without chondrosis  Isokinetic quads/hams 0-full flexion if minimal chondrosis  Balance exercises: Single leg, progress to dynamic and reactive   * Wk 12-14: if adequate strength scores (quads 75%, hamstrings 75%), add in sub-max foot placement drills, anterior lateral hop to stabilization, skaters to prepare for **return to running at 4 months** * 4 months: continue with strengthening and dynamic balance. Start running program. progress to the following exercises if clinical appropriate   Landing drills: Low amplitude sub-max drills:  Shallow jump landings, double to single line jumps, hopping  progress to higher level if meets criteria (see sidebar)  Agility drills: low amplitude sub-max drills:  Skipping F/B, jogging F/B, skaters, carioca, agility ladder.   * 5 months to 6 months: continue with strength and control drills related to sports specific movements. progress with:   Landing drills/ jump hopping drills  Agility drills: progress to higher level with speed and complexity:  agility ladder drills, cutting/pivoting (changing directions),  changing speeds, anticipated to un-anticipated   * 6 months+: possible clearance for return to sport, depending on testing –   see next page for testing algorithm |
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## Meniscus Repair Rehabilitation Program

## Testing and Return to Running/Sports Recommendations

**Return to running and return to play**

**depends on:**

Timeframe from surgery

Test performance

MD and PT approval

**Testing:**

**12 weeks (3 months)**

SL 60 deg Stork test

Hip strength:

Abduction MMT or dynamometry

**Return to Running Benchmarks:**

1.Time: at least 4 months post-op

2. MD / PT clearance

3. No knee joint effusion

4. ROM: limb symmetry: extension within 5 deg

flexion within 10 deg

5. Biodex:

Limb symmetry of PT:

Quad: 75%

Hams: 75%

6. Anterior lateral hop to stabilization drill completed with no apprehension and good movement control

7. Proper running form: treadmill running (sub-max at self selected speed)

**Recommendations:**

1.Biodex:

Quad PT/BW:

Males: 75%, 50% at 180,300deg/sec

Females: 65%, 35% at 180,300deg/sec

H/Q ratio: 65%, 90% at 180,300deg/sec

Total work at 300 deg/sec:

Quad: limb symmetry 75%

Hams: limb symmetry:75%

2. SL 60 deg stork test:

Limb symmetry: 90%

3. Hip Abduction Side Plank test:

Level II or greater

4. Squat WB symmetry with near equal WB

5. Y balance: Limb symmetry: < 4cm

Hip Abduction Side plank test

Biodex test :

No block

2 speeds: 180 deg/sec (5 reps) 300 deg/sec (30 reps)

Y balance test

Deep squat WB symmetry: 2D video or force plate

FOTO

**16 weeks (4 months) – RETURN to RUNNING –**

**See benchmarks**

Repeat previous tests not passed

Anterior lateral hop to stabilization

Trial of running.

Landing assessment

Jump test: no arm swing – submax for apprehension/technique

Single Hop test: no arm swing- submax for apprehension/technique

**Return to Landing Drills Benchmarks:**

1.Time: at least 4 months

2.MD/ PT clearance

3.No knee joint effusion

4.Biodex: Limb symmetry of PT:

Quadriceps and hamstrings: 80-90% = sub-max landing drills

Quadriceps and hamstrings: 90% = max landing drills

**\*Minimize the following 4 variables with landing drills:**

1. Stiff landing (<30 deg knee flexion)
2. Knee valgus
3. Hip IR / pelvic drop
4. Decreased dynamic balance

## Meniscus Repair Rehabilitation Program

## Testing and Return to Running/Sports Recommendations

**Return to running and return to play**

**depends on:**

Timeframe from surgery

Test performance

MD and PT approval

**24 weeks ( 6 months)**

Repeat previous tests not passed

Biodex test: Full ROM with no ext block

3 speed test: 60 deg/sec (5 reps),

180 deg/sec (5 reps),

**Return to Play Benchmarks:**

1.Time: at least 6-9 months

2.MD/ PT clearance

3.No knee joint effusion

4.ROM: limb symmetry:

extension within 5 deg

flexion within 10 deg

5.Biodex: Limb symmetry of PT:

Quad: 90%

Hams: 90%

6.Landing Assessment: no faulty movement patterns

7.Single Hop test: Limb symmetry: 90%,

8.Triple Hop test or Cross-Over Hop Test Limb symmetry: 90%

9. LEFT test or Agility Test with no compensation

**Recommendations:**

1.Biodex:

\*Quad PT/BW: (+/-5%)

Males: 95%, 75%, 50% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec

Females: 85%, 65%, 35% at 60,180,300 deg/sec

H/Q ratio: (+/- 5%)

65%, 75%, 90% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec

Hams PT/BW: (+/- 5%)

Males: 60%, 35%, 25% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec

Females: 60%, 35%, 25% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec

Total work: 300 deg/sec

Quads: Limb symmetry:90%

Hams: Limb symmetry: 90%

2.Hip Abduction Side Plank test:

Level III or greater

3.Y balance: Limb symmetry: < 4cm

4. Jump test:

Males: 90%-100% height

Females: 80%-90% height

5. Single hop test:

Males: 80-90% height

Females: 70-80% height

300deg/sec (30 reps

Landing assessment:

Jump test: no arm swing

Single Hop test: no arm swing

Triple hop/Cross over hop test: arm swing

Agility test: LEFT test components or time

FOTO

**9 months/ 1 year / 2 years**

Knee ROM

Biodex test: Full ROM with no ext block

3 speed test: 60 deg/sec (5 reps),

180 deg/sec (5 reps),

300deg/sec (30 reps)

Hip Strength:

MMT or hand held dynamometry

Abduction Side Plank test

Landing Assessment

Jump test

Single Hop test

Triple Hop test/Cross Over Hop: arm swing

Agility test: LEFT test components or time

FOTO

**Return-to-Sports Progression**: (2-4 wk, depends on tolerance)

Step 1:

1-on-1 drills (non-contact) sport specific

Step 2:

1-on-1 drills (contact) full speed sport specific

Step 3:

Team scrimmage (non-contact)

Step 4:

Team scrimmage no restrictions

Step 5:

Game activities with restricted playing time

Step 6:

Game activities with no restrictions

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